c) This line plot depicts the year 1 (short term investment rates with a solid red line) and the year 10 treasury yields (or long term investment rates with a dashed blue line). These essentially reflect the returned money investors received after lending money to the US government. This plot includes a legend and grid for clarity.

d) This bar plot including a grid shows the US Treasury yields for certain lending periods. A filter is applied to include yields only greater than 4%

e) This figure compares two subplots side by side. The left subplot shows short term yields spanning month 1 to year 1. The right subplot shows long term yields spanning from year 5 to year 30. Each line represents a US treasury bond for a specific lending period, while the yields show the interest that the investors earn by lending money to the government. Legends, grids and axis labels provide clarity.

g) The bar plot shows the yields of US Treasury bonds for the most recent dataset with a range from month 1 to year 30. Each bar corresponds to a lending period with the heigh depicting the earnings of interest investors.

h) The histogram shows the distribution of year 10 Treasury yields from 1990 to 2024. Each bar is a range of yields with the heigh being how many days the yield fell into range. This helps understand the most common interest rates.